

Review - Pumping lemma for CFLs

From HW 9:

11/28/18

Show $L = \{a^k b^j c^n \mid n = jk\}$
is not context-free.

Pumping lemma: Suppose L is a context-free language. Then there exists m such that, for all $w \in L$, with $|w| \geq m$, there exist u, v, x, y, z , with $w = uvxyz$, $|vxy| \leq m$, $|vy| \neq 0$, such that $w_i = uv^i x y^i z \in L$ for all i .

To show L is not context free, we have to show some string in L cannot be pumped.

Given m , Let $w = a^m b^m c^{m^2}$. We show w cannot be pumped. Consider all the possible ways we have $w = uvxyz$ with $|vxy| \leq m$. There are several cases.

Case 1: $vxy = a^r$ for some $r \leq m$.

Then $v = a^s, y = a^t$ ($s+t \leq r, s+t > 0$).

Hence $w_2 = uv^2xy^2z = a^{m+s+t} b^m c^{m^2}$.

Since $(m+s+t)m \neq m^2, w_2 \notin L$.

Case 2: $vxy = b^r$ for some $r \leq m$.

Then $vy = b^s$ for some $s, 0 < s \leq r$.

Hence $w_2 = uv^2xy^2z = a^m b^{m+s} c^{m^2}$, and

since $m(m+s) \neq m^2, w_2 \notin L$.

Case 3: $vxy = c^r$ for some $r, 0 < r \leq m$.

Then $vy = c^s$ for some $s, 0 < s \leq r$,

and $w_2 = uv^2xy^2z = a^m b^m c^{m^2+s} \notin L$.

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Case 4: $vxy = a^r b^s$ for some $r, s, 0 < r, s \leq m,$

$r+s \leq m$. Then ~~$v = a^r, y = b^s$~~ $v = a^r, y = b^s$ is the only case we have to handle, since if either v or y had both a 's and b 's, then $w_2 \notin L(a^* b^* c^*)$ and hence not in L ,

and if vy had only a's or only b's, we are effectively in Case 1 or 2.

Then $w_2 = uv^2xy^2z = a^{mtr'}b^{mts'}c^{m^2} \notin L$.

Case 5: $vxy = b^r c^s$. As in Case 4,

$v = b^{r'}$, $y = c^{s'}$. Hence

$$w_2 = uv^2xy^2z = a^m b^{mtr'} c^{m^2+s'}$$

We have $m(mtr') \neq m^2 + s'$

$$m^2 + mr' \neq m^2 + s'$$

$$m > s'$$

$$r > 1$$

$$mr > s'$$

We have $m > s'$, $r' \geq 1$, so

$$mr' > s', \text{ and}$$

$$m^2 + mr' > m^2 + s', \text{ so}$$

$$m(mtr') \neq m^2 + s'$$

Could this be in L ?

Try an example

$$m = 15, r = 1,$$

$$s' = 15 \text{ oh wait,}$$

s' can't be that big

Hence $w_2 \notin L$.

Note there is no case where vxy has a's & c's since $|vxy| \leq m$.

Proving some other problems/languages are not T-D (i.e. not recursive):

Last time we proved the halting problem/lang. H is not T-D.

Suppose we have some other problem/language ~~that~~ L ~~is~~ that we want to prove is not T-D.

General strategy: Assume for contradiction L is T-D; i.e. there exists a TM M that decides L . Find a way to modify M (or include M in a bigger machine) to ~~solve~~ ~~decide~~ create a machine \hat{M} that decides H . We know H is not T-D, so this is a contradiction, so L is not T-D.

i.e. find a way to change ~~an instance~~
input to
H to input for L (that gives the
same answer)