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What Are Electromagnetic Transients?

ECE524

Lecture 1

- Power systems normally in steady-state
 - » Or Quasi-steady-state
 - » Allows use of RMS phasors
- Switching, operations, faults, lightning,
 - » Response frequencies from DC to MHz
 - » Generally dies out rapidly (higher freq.)
 - » Large voltage and currents are possible
 - » RLC response to change in voltage or current

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Why Analyze Transients?

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- Power systems operate in sinusoidal steady-state majority of time
- Sudden changes cause large voltage and currents
 - » Including faults and response to clearing faults
- Protection decisions before transients die out
- Or even based on transients

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- Understand the transient you want to model
- Good data to form detailed models
 - » Not trivial to get
- Need mathematical model of the system
 - » Appropriate for the transient you are studying
 - » Classification of transient important first step

- By Cause
 - » Switching transients (all manner of transients)
 - » Lightning transients
 - » Faults
- Mode of generation of transients
 - » Electromechanical
 - Rotating machines mechanical to electrical
 - » Electromagnetic
 - Capacitors/Inductors

U *I* Classification by Frequency Range (CIGRE WG 33.02) *ECE524* *Lecture 1*

- Low frequency oscillations
 - » 0.1 Hz – 3 kHz
- Slow front surges (most switching)
 - » 50/60 Hz – 20 kHz
- Fast front surges (lightning, some classes breakers)
 - » 10 kHz – 3 MHz
- Very fast front surges (disconnecter restrikes, GIS)
 - » 100 kHz – 50 MHz

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U *I* Validation of Models... *ECE524* *Lecture 1*

- Graphical user interfaces have made transients programs much easier to use
- It is very easy to get simulation results
- But it is critical to be able to verify that the results are correct
- First step is validating the system model

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Validation of Models... and Results

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- Need to have a basic idea of what the transient response should look like
- Test your system with some very predictable cases
- Start from steady-state operating point
- Understanding behavior will be one of the focuses of this course

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Fundamental Principles of Transient Analysis

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- The laws of circuit theory still apply
 - » Kirchhoff's Laws (KCL, KVL)
 - » Energy is conserved
 - » You can't change current through an inductor instantaneously
 - » You can't change voltage across a capacitor instantaneously
- Oversimplified models can give misleading results

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U *I* Frequency or frequencies of interest

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- Model detail depends on the frequencies associated with the transient
- Frequency dependent parameters
- Simulation time step will also vary with classification in time domain simulation

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U *I* Calculations

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- Solve coupled differential equations
 - » Hand calculations in the LaPlace domain
 - » Hand calculations in the time domain
 - » Time domain numerical circuit simulation
 - » Frequency domain simulation

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Circuit Simulation

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- Output often as time domain waveforms
- Often want instantaneous peak values of $v(t)$ and $i(t)$
 - » Or in some cases energy
 - » Peaks missed with RMS or harmonic solutions

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Transient Network Analyzer (TNA)

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- Predates use of digital computers
 - » Analog computer model
 - » Hybrid: digital controls
- Real-time digital simulators

- Cost limits to small class of problems
 - » Closed loop testing of control hardware

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Off-Line Time Domain Simulation

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- Digital computer simulation of transients
- General purpose equation solvers:
MATLAB, MathCAD
- Analog electronic and integrated circuits:
SPICE, Saber
- Not really designed for power system
transients

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The Electromagnetic Transients Program-EMTP

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- Hermann Dommel, Germany, then BPA
- Numerically solves difference equations
- Fixed versus variable time-step
- EMTP has become an industry standard
(verified models)
- Modules in other power systems programs
- Matlab toolbox

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- Original version mainly modeled RLC elements switches, ideal sources and lines
- Many extensions and several versions
 - » ATP: Alternate transients program (<http://www.emtp.org>)
 - » EMTP-RV (<http://www.emtp.com>) latest from DCG
 - » EMTDC: student version available free from their web site (<http://www.pscad.com/>)
 - » RTDS: Real time digital simulator
 - » OPAL-RT: Real time digital simulator
 - » SimPowerSystems blockset for Matlab

- Designed to study transient phenomenon from a few hundred Hertz to hundreds of kHz
- Switching surges, faults studies, insulation coordination, power electronic interactions with power systems
- EMTP can also model dc systems and electromechanical interactions
- Trapezoidal integration scheme → a stable
 - » Stable results if transient response modeled is stable

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EMTP Programs

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- Outputs are voltage, current, power, and energy versus time
- Control variables are available if controls are modeled
- Can model simple controls using EMTPs control models or can interface to FORTRAN (in some cases C or Matlab too)
 - » Programs have internal control modeling
 - » Graphical user interface

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Other Applications of Transient Simulation

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- Transient simulation tools are now use for non-transient analysis applications
 - » Simulation studies to explore control interactions
 - » Analysis of fault behavior of power electronic converters
 - Really another control interaction
 - » Harmonic analysis
 - » Hardware-in-the-loop simulations to test protective relays
 - » Hardware-in-the-loop simulation to test control devices
 - » Cybersecurity research on power systems communications and controls

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- This class will have assignments requiring use of an EMTP-like program
- Can use any of programs listed above, but best if use ATP, EMTP-RV, or PSCAD/EMTDC
 - » EMTP-RV is available on campus and in UI VLAB
 - <http://vlab.uidaho.edu/>
 - » In past, most EO students have preferred ATP
 - » Student version of PSCAD could be a little small at times
- If your employer has a preferred program you can use that – let me know

- ATP is essentially free, a license application needs to be filled out
 - » <http://www.emtp.org/>
- The purpose is to limit access to parties that have participated in “EMTP-Commerce”
- Cost only if want materials shipped--can download much of it now, so don't need to pay for shipping

- ATP ported several operating system
- Several versions for the PCs
- Run in DOS windows/Command Prompt
 - » Ming32: All MS windows variants.

- Older versions of EMTP displayed plot on screen at end of the simulation run
- Special purpose plotting programs
 - » PlotXY: Simply Windows based plotting program.
Export to word processor
 - Recommended for ECE 524
 - » TPLOT: Distributed with Salford ATP
 - » PCPLOT (WPCPLOT): Simple plotting program.

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ATP Plotting Programs

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- » GTPPLOT: Build of TPLOT using GNU Fortran Compiler. Doesn't require Salford Extender, can handle Comtrade
- » TOP: Electrotek wrote for EPRI-DCG and extended for harmonics programs, ATP
 - Available free: <http://www.pqsoft.com/top/>
 - Good post processing capabilities.
 - Output to Comtrade
- » Matlab: Can use “PL42MAT” to convert output from ATP to data file for Matlab.

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Graphical Interfaces

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- EMTP is written in FORTRAN
 - » FORTRAN read statements,
 - » Restrictions on input data file
- Several attempts at graphical interfaces
- ATPDraw is best option for ATP
- Use to create circuit and enter parameters
- Program creates the EMTP format data file
- Run ATP and call plot from ATPDRAW

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- Available for download from ATP distribution sites
- Follow link for ATPDraw for information about the program
 - » Latest versions are version 6.0
 - » File format not backward compatible
 - » <http://www.atpdraw.net/> (ATPDraw only, not ATP itself)
- Get the program and the patch files (update to fix bugs in executable)
- Manual and introduction presentation for download

- Graphical pre-processor for ATP
- MS Windows (old DOS version too)
- Development funded BPA and SINTEF Energy Research
- Automatically fills in the fields, removing a major source of errors in data files
- Still some sources of errors remain

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ATP Tools for ECE 524

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- If you choose to you use ATP:
 - » Apply for a license and then contact me
 - » Download the following
 - Atpmingw.zip
 - Most recent of ATPDraw6x_install.zip
 - Most recent of PlotXY.zip

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PSCAD/EMTDC

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- Education version available in ECE labs
- Free Student Edition (15 node limit)
 - » Go to: <http://www.pscad.com/>
 - » Create account and get set up to download
 - Download the Program itself
 - Includes free Fortran Compiler
 - Need unless you have compatible one installed

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U Learning ATPDraw / ATP *ECE524*
I or PSCAD / EMTDC *Lecture 1*

- Class will have basic intro for both programs
- Build on this as we go along, with examples
- Program manuals
- Program intros from other recent courses if you want to jump ahead

» ATPDraw

<http://www.ece.uidaho.edu/ee/power/ECE529/Lectures/L5/lect5.pdf>

» PSCAD/EMTDC version 4.2

<http://www.ece.uidaho.edu/ee/power/ECE404VSC/Lectures/L6/L6.pdf>