

Potentially useful formulas and constants (see both sides):

$$v_{\text{av}} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}, \quad v(t) = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}, \quad a_{\text{av}} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}, \quad a(t) = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}, \quad 1 \text{ m} = 3.281 \text{ ft}, \quad 1 \text{ mi} = 5280 \text{ ft}, \quad g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2,$$

$$v = a\Delta t + v_0, \quad x = \frac{1}{2}a(\Delta t)^2 + v_0\Delta t + x_0, \quad v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a(x - x_0), \quad v_{\text{av}} = \frac{1}{2}(v + v_0), \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a},$$

$$\vec{A} = A_x\hat{x} + A_y\hat{y}, \quad A_x = A \cos \theta, \quad A_y = A \sin \theta, \quad A = \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2}, \quad \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{A_y}{A_x}, \quad \vec{v} = \vec{v}' + \vec{V},$$

$$\vec{v}_{\text{av}} = \frac{\Delta \vec{r}}{\Delta t}, \quad \vec{a}_{\text{av}} = \frac{\Delta \vec{v}}{\Delta t}, \quad \vec{v} = \vec{a}\Delta t + \vec{v}_0, \quad \vec{r} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{a}(\Delta t)^2 + \vec{v}_0\Delta t + \vec{r}_0, \quad v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a_x(x - x_0) + 2a_y(y - y_0),$$

$$\vec{F} = m\vec{a}, \quad \vec{F}_{\text{grav}} = -G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2} \frac{\vec{r}}{r}, \quad G = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2/\text{kg}^2, \quad w = mg, \quad g = \frac{GM}{R^2}, \quad f_k = \mu_k N, \quad f_s \leq \mu_s N,$$

$$\vec{F}_{\text{spring}} = -k\Delta \vec{r}, \quad a_c = \frac{v^2}{r}, \quad v = \frac{2\pi r}{T} = \omega r, \quad \vec{F}_{\text{drag}} = -bv^n \hat{v}, \quad T_{\text{orbit}} = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{GM}} r^{3/2}, \quad v_{\text{orbit}} = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{r}},$$

$$E = K + U, \quad K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2, \quad \Delta K = W \equiv Fd \cos \theta, \quad \Delta E = W_{nc}, \quad U_{\text{near}} = mgh, \quad U_{\text{grav}} = -G \frac{mM}{r}, \quad U_{\text{spring}} = \frac{1}{2}kd^2,$$

$$P_{\text{av}} = \frac{W}{\Delta t} = Fv_{\text{av}} \cos \theta, \quad 1 \text{ hp} = 746 \text{ W}, \quad \vec{I} = \vec{F}_{\text{av}}\Delta t = \Delta \vec{p}, \quad \vec{p} = m\vec{v},$$

$$v_{1f} = \frac{(1+e)m_2v_{2i} + (m_1 - em_2)v_{1i}}{m_1 + m_2}, \quad v_{2f} = \frac{(1+e)m_1v_{1i} + (m_2 - em_1)v_{2i}}{m_1 + m_2},$$

$$M = \sum_n m_n, \quad \vec{R} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_n m_n \vec{r}_n, \quad \vec{V}_{\text{cm}} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_n m_n \vec{v}_n, \quad \vec{A}_{\text{cm}} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_n m_n \vec{a}_n, \quad \vec{F}_{\text{ext}}^{\text{net}} = M\vec{A}_{\text{cm}}.$$

$$\omega_{\text{av}} = \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t}, \quad \omega = \alpha \Delta t + \omega_i, \quad \alpha_{\text{av}} = \frac{\Delta \omega}{\Delta t}, \quad \theta = \frac{1}{2}\alpha(\Delta t)^2 + \omega_i \Delta t + \theta_i, \quad \omega^2 = \omega_i^2 + 2\alpha \Delta \theta,$$

$$\vec{R}_{\text{cog}} = \frac{1}{W} \sum_n w_n \vec{r}_n, \quad a_c = r\omega^2, \quad a_t = r\alpha, \quad v_t = r\omega, \quad f = 1/T, \quad \omega = 2\pi f = 2\pi/T,$$

$$I\alpha = \tau, \quad \tau = r_{\perp}F = rF_t = rF \sin \theta, \quad L = r_{\perp}p = I\omega, \quad K_{\text{rot}} = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2, \quad W_{\text{rot}} = \tau \Delta \theta, \quad \Delta L = \tau_{\text{av}} \Delta t,$$

$$I = \sum_i m_i r_i^2, \quad I_{\text{rod}}^{\text{end}} = \frac{1}{3}ml^2, \quad I_{\text{rod}}^{\text{ctr}} = \frac{1}{12}ml^2, \quad I_{\text{cyl}} = \frac{1}{2}MR^2, \quad I_{\text{shell}} = \frac{2}{3}MR^2, \quad I_{\text{sphere}} = \frac{2}{5}MR^2,$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{k/m} = \sqrt{g/l}, \quad x = A \cos \omega t, \quad v = -A\omega \sin \omega t, \quad a = -A\omega^2 \cos \omega t, \quad E = \frac{1}{2}kA^2, \quad A = A_0 e^{-bt/(2m)},$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{lmg/I}, \quad F/A = Y\Delta L/L_0, \quad F/A = S\Delta x/L_0, \quad \Delta P = -B\Delta V/V_0,$$

$$\rho = m/V, \quad P = F/A, \quad Q = cm\Delta T, \quad Q = mL, \quad Q = kA\Delta T t/L, \quad R = 8.31 \text{ J}/(\text{mol} \cdot \text{K}), \quad c_{\text{water}} = 4186 \text{ J}/(\text{kg} \cdot \text{K}),$$

$$T_C = \frac{5}{9}(T_F - 32^\circ\text{F}), \quad 1 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ N/m}^2, \quad 1 \text{ atm} = 1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa} = 760 \text{ mmHg}, \quad L_{f\text{water}} = 3.35 \times 10^5 \text{ J/kg},$$

$$1 \text{ bar} = 10^5 \text{ Pa}, \quad P_2 = P_1 + \rho gh, \quad F_B = \rho gV, \quad \rho_1 A_1 v_1 = \rho_2 A_2 v_2, \quad P_1 + \frac{1}{2}\rho v_1^2 + \rho g y_1 = P_2 + \frac{1}{2}\rho v_2^2 + \rho g y_2,$$

$$\Delta L = \alpha L_0 \Delta T, \quad \Delta V = \beta V_0 \Delta T,$$

$$T = T_C + 273.15 \text{ K}, \quad N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23}/\text{mol}, \quad 1 \text{ u} = 1.6605 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}, \quad PV = nRT = NkT,$$

$$k = R/N_A = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}, \quad M = N_A m, \quad K_{\text{av}} = \frac{3}{2}kT, \quad v_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{3kT/m} = \sqrt{3RT/M}, \quad U = \frac{3}{2}nRT,$$

$$\text{rel. humidity} = \frac{\text{partial vapor pressure}}{\text{equil. vapor pressure}} \times 100\%, \quad Q = e\sigma T^4 A t, \quad \sigma = 5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ J}/(\text{s} \cdot \text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4),$$

Potentially useful formulas and constants (see both sides)

$$\Delta U = Q - W, \quad W = P\Delta V, \quad PV^\gamma = \text{const.}, \quad \gamma = C_P/C_V = 5/3, \quad nC = mc, \quad W = nRT \ln(V_f/V_i),$$

$$C_P = \frac{5}{2}R, \quad C_V = \frac{3}{2}R, \quad Q_H = W + Q_C, \quad e = W/Q_H, \quad e_C = 1 - T_C/T_H, \quad Q_C/Q_H = T_C/T_H,$$

$$\Delta S = Q/T, \quad \Delta S = cm \ln(T_f/T_i), \quad \text{COP}_{\text{frig}} = Q_c/W, \quad \text{COP}_{\text{pump}} = Q_h/W, \quad W_{\text{lost}} = T_{\text{min}}\Delta S.$$

$$\Delta S = nC_V \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i} + nR \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}, \quad \Delta S = nC_P \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i}, \quad \Delta S = \frac{mL}{T}.$$

$$v = f\lambda, \quad v = \sqrt{\frac{F}{\mu}}, \quad \mu = m/L, \quad \beta = 10 \text{ dB} \log(I/I_0), \quad I_0 = 10^{-12} \text{ W/m}^2, \quad I = P/A,$$

$$f_o = f_s \frac{1 \pm u_o/v}{1 \mp u_s/v}, \quad f_{\text{beat}} = |f_1 - f_2|, \quad f_n = n \frac{v}{2L}, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad \text{or} \quad n \frac{v}{4L}, \quad n = 1, 3, 5, \dots$$