

SAS:

1. Copy and paste the following code into a SAS editor:

```
data expenses;  
  Wages=12874000;  
  Retire=1765000;  
  Medical=649000;  
  start=year(today()+1);  
  stop=start+9;  
run;
```

* the next DATA step will use the previous SAS dataset (expenses) to execute the DO loop.
The start and stop indexes are called stop and start.

;

```
data future_expenses;  
  set expenses;  
  drop start stop;
```

* insert your DO loop and variable information here;

```
run;  
proc print data=future_expenses;  
  format wages dollar14.2 retire dollar14.2 medical dollar14.2 total_cost dollar14.2;  
  var year wages retire medical total_cost;  
run;
```

2. Insert a DO loop containing statements to calculate the estimated values of Wages, Retire, and Medical.
 - a. Use *start* and *stop* to control the values of the index-variable that you will name Year within your DO loop.
 - b. Assume the estimated annual increase shown in the table below:

| Variable | Current value | Estimated annual increase |
|----------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Wages | \$12,874,000 | 6% = 0.06 |
| Retire | \$1,765,000 | 1.4% = 0.014 |
| Medical | \$649,000 | 9.5% = 0.095 |

An example bit of code to help with the calculations for wages having a 6% yearly increase:

```
Wages=wages*1.06;
```

- c. Create another variable called Total_cost that is the sum of the year's Wages, Retire, and Medical values.
 - d. Use the OUTPUT statement to see each year's results.
3. Use PROC PRINT to verify your results to make sure they look like mine:

| Obs | year | Wages | Retire | Medical | total_cost |
|-----|------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 2015 | \$13,646,440.00 | \$1,789,710.00 | \$710,655.00 | \$16,146,805.00 |
| 2 | 2016 | \$14,465,226.40 | \$1,814,765.94 | \$778,167.23 | \$17,058,159.57 |
| 3 | 2017 | \$15,333,139.98 | \$1,840,172.66 | \$852,093.11 | \$18,025,405.76 |
| 4 | 2018 | \$16,253,128.38 | \$1,865,935.08 | \$933,041.96 | \$19,052,105.42 |
| 5 | 2019 | \$17,228,316.09 | \$1,892,058.17 | \$1,021,680.94 | \$20,142,055.20 |
| 6 | 2020 | \$18,262,015.05 | \$1,918,546.99 | \$1,118,740.63 | \$21,299,302.67 |
| 7 | 2021 | \$19,357,735.95 | \$1,945,406.64 | \$1,225,020.99 | \$22,528,163.59 |
| 8 | 2022 | \$20,519,200.11 | \$1,972,642.34 | \$1,341,397.99 | \$23,833,240.44 |
| 9 | 2023 | \$21,750,352.12 | \$2,000,259.33 | \$1,468,830.80 | \$25,219,442.24 |
| 10 | 2024 | \$23,055,373.25 | \$2,028,262.96 | \$1,608,369.72 | \$26,692,005.93 |